



ALEXANDRIA.

MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 9.

THE OPPONENTS of the bill to return the money collected under the direct land tax law base their opposition upon the assertion that it will lead to the return of the cotton tax money, and that such large payments will necessitate the maintenance of the existing tariff in order to raise the requisite revenue for the government. But such an assertion can not be substantiated. Let the war taxes be returned one at a time. To return the fifteen million direct land tax would not cripple a treasury containing a surplus of a hundred million. Take that much out now, and return the cotton tax subsequently. But even if both taxes were returned at once the treasury would not be at all embarrassed, for even then there would be left in it fifty million more than enough for the current year's expenses, and the Mills bill would collect more than sufficient for any subsequent requirements.

SENATOR HALE of Maine is a pronounced republican and a strong supporter of Mr. Blaine for the next Presidency. He is now conducting a senatorial investigation of the civil service reform humbug. With regard to that humbug he says:

"Changes always occur in federal offices when the national administration changes. A new head of a department naturally desires to surround himself with men whom he knows, and in whom he has confidence. There is nothing unusual in that. You can't expect a man going into a public office to accept things as they are permanently. He wants his own people around him, and it is natural that a democrat should want democrats about him."

This shows that the few democrats who have been appointed under the present administration may expect, should the republicans succeed at next fall's election.

THE MASSACHUSETTS legislature has just passed a law prohibiting the savings banks of that State from investing their funds in Minnesota bonds. And yet Minnesota only repudiated a small amount of her indebtedness. The legislature of no State deems it at all necessary to pass such a law with respect to Virginia bonds, as savings banks would just as soon consider the advisability of investing in South Sea bonds. When better and wiser counsels prevail in Virginia, a satisfactory arrangement will be made with her creditors; but her credit has been so injured that even then the living generation will hardly see it completely restored.

CERTAIN Virginia newspapers calling themselves democratic are opposed to the removal of the duty on salt, for the asserted reason that there are salt works in the State which would be injured by such removal. Leaving out of view the fact that all the people in the State are taxed, by the duty referred to, for the benefit of the few engaged in making salt, the inquiry of the continued imposition of the duty is made apparent by the other fact, that the salt "trust" pays large salt works, among them those in West Virginia, to remain idle, so that the supply of salt may be short, and the price thereof kept up.

THE GORDONSVILLE Gazette is a wise newspaper, and knows a good thing when it sees it, and appreciates it accordingly. In its advice to its democratic readers it says: "Those in our immediate surroundings should read the Gazette, and if any desire a daily in addition to the reading we furnish we would commend to them the Richmond State or ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE. These journals are democratic in the purest sense. They will not lead you to the verge of republicanism; they do not teach protection to the rich and taxation for the poor, but advocate the best interests of the whole people."

NOTHING has become more common of late than public denials by prominent democrats of newspaper interviews in which they have been reported as expressing themselves as opposed to Mr. Cleveland's renomination. Such denials do them no good either with the people or with the administration, which latter is well aware of their real feelings. And then, too, it shows a degree of moral weakness that is surprising to their friends, who know that the denials are untrue.

THE OLD and well worn subject of entrusting the affairs of the democratic party of Virginia to the "young democracy" is revived. It should be laid away again as soon as possible. It is suggestive of the odious civil service reform rules. Competency and efficiency and faithfulness are what should be considered in selecting party leaders as well as office holders, and not the mere quality of age. And experience is an essential means to the attainment of the former.

SENATOR EDMUNDS, who has recently returned from a somewhat protracted visit to the South, says "the period of hostilities has passed away." If that be so, it is hoped the Senator will vote for Mr. Daniel's bill to repeal the statute prohibiting ex-Confederates from holding commissions in the army and navy, and not vote against it, as he did before, as he then said, in order "to show which side was right."

Exactly how much truth there is in the story that Bismarck threatened to resign if the Princess Victoria married Prince Alexander, the ex-ruler of Bulgaria, nobody outside of the Emperor Frederick's family can tell, but where there is so much smoke it is supposed there must be some fire.

From Washington.

[Special Correspondence of the ALEX. GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 8, 1888.

The House resumed its session of Wednesday last this morning, and immediately the filibustering tactics, by which the opponents of the direct land tax bill consumed four days of last week, were recommenced, to the great injury of the democratic party. Mr. Kelley, the republican protection leader of the House, says he doesn't see how the friends of the bill to reduce the tariff can possibly complain if the opponents of that bill, who greatly outnumber the opponents of the direct tax bill, shall adopt the tactics of the latter in order to accomplish their purpose. Representatives Holman, Springer, and other well informed members of the House, say they see no way out of the present difficulty, as the sixty democrats who oppose the bill say they will never surrender, and it is hardly probable that all the remaining members of the House will submit to their dictation. But for all this, the impression is beginning to prevail that the filibusters will succeed, and it is strengthened by the fact that the President, who is opposed to the bill, wants them to do so, as so many of the democrats are unwilling to oppose any of his wishes. General Lee told the GAZETTE's correspondent to day that he heard several of those who have heretofore been voting for the bill, say they would now vote to adjourn. If enough votes can be obtained to adjourn the bill will be defeated, for an adjournment of Wednesday's session before the passage of the bill will effectually preclude its further consideration by this Congress.

The Judiciary Committee of the Senate this morning reported adversely the bill extending the time during which claims can be brought under the French Spoilation bill.

The U. S. Supreme Court this morning decided that the oleomargarine bill of Pennsylvania is constitutional. This practically decides that the national law on the subject is constitutional, as the Pennsylvania law is founded upon that law.

A representative of the Mt. Vernon Avenue Association was at the room of the Senate committee on public buildings and grounds this morning, in accordance with a previous arrangement to that effect, to urge the advisability of an appropriation for the proposed road, but none of the committee was present, most of them being out of town.

Ex-Senator Eaton of Connecticut, says a personal and reliable friend who has just returned from Europe, where he frequently saw Mr. Blaine, informs him that the reports circulated here about that gentleman's health are utterly and entirely incorrect, and that Mr. Blaine is in his usual health.

From New York to-day private intelligence is to the effect that while there is no enthusiasm for the President, the prevailing impression there is to the effect that as the rest of the country seems to have acquiesced in the belief that he will be renominated, it will be advisable for the democrats there to do likewise, and that therefore he will be likely to have the vote of that State at the national convention.

Wm. H. Sebastian of King George county, Virginia, has been appointed to a minor place in the government printing office.

The House Committee on Invalid Pensions this morning amended the dependent pension bill by providing a pension for all persons who have served in the military or naval service of the United States for any period, and who have been honorably discharged, and who are now, or who may hereafter be suffering from mental or physical disability, not the result of their own vicious habits, which totally disables them from the performance of manual labor at the rate per month of one cent for every day's war service. It provides the same pension for all persons who are or shall become sixty-two years of age. It also provides that the widow of any soldier in a condition of dependence or who is sixty-two years of age, shall receive the same pension. It also makes the attorney's fee for claims filed under the bill \$5 instead of \$10. All soldiers are to be pensioned for their services equally without regard to their financial condition, and according to the per diem idea.

In the House to-day the proceedings were interrupted, by unanimous consent, to enable Mr. Seney, of Ohio, to report from the Judiciary Committee a bill to punish dealers and pretended dealers in counterfeit money and other fraudulent devices for using the United States mail.

Upon the desk of Senator Daniel in the Senate chamber was placed to-day an immense and beautiful bouquet, attached to which was a card with the following inscription: To Senator Daniel, of the ancient Commonwealth, with the compliments of Creed Hammond.

Mr. L. M. Blackford, principal of the Episcopal High School, near Alexandria, was at the Capitol to-day with a party of his younger pupils, to whom he was pointing out the objects of special interest there, and the seats in the two bodies which they occupied one of these days if they behave themselves and learn their lessons well.

Ex-Representative Libby, of the Norfolk, Va., district, a republican, who reached here to-day, says the republicans of that district are by no means a unit for General Mahone in his present squabble with some of his former most influential supporters; also that many of the republicans are leaning to Sherman for their Presidential candidate.

Numerous petitions from labor organizations for a government telegraph were presented to Congress to-day.

It is said at the Navy Department that some of the machinery for the new war ship Texas will be made in England.

It is said that Secretary Bayard is casting an anchor to windward, and trying to have Senator Gray appointed Chief Justice, so as to open a place his reentrance into the Senate.

In the House last Saturday Mr. Lee presented a petition of the heirs of Martha C. Ball, of Alexandria, and Va., for the reference of their claim to the Court of Claims; also a bill for the relief of the same parties.

By POISON THEY DIED.—Hanz Stackried and his wife Fanny, a handsome woman of 21 years, took a dose of poison early Saturday morning, and died within an hour of each other, in New York city. The husband was a Polish Jew. He had been out of work for some time. The good wife was compelled to pawn almost everything she had of any value. Finally, mother, father, and five-months old baby boy had to live on hard crusts of bread, picked up from the street refuse barrels. The couple lived in one room only. About midnight a Mrs. Deering heard an unusual noise in Stackried's room. She went out into the hallway, and there saw Stackried, who looked as though he was intoxicated. His face was ghastly pale, his eyes glared, and large beads of perspiration stood out on his face. Fearing the man might attack her, Mrs. Deering rushed back into her room and slammed the door. At two o'clock Stackried knocked at the door, and upon Mrs. Deering's opening it, he said, as his face was black and blue: "We have taken poison, my wife and I," then suddenly fell to the floor. Entering the Stackried room, Mrs. Deering found the wife lying on a sofa as if dead, with her babe clasped to her breast. In a minute or so she opened her eyes and said faintly: "Go for the police. We are dying." An ambulance was summoned, and both were removed to the hospital. The husband died at five o'clock, and his wife an hour later. The babe was at once transferred to the care of a matron at police headquarters.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The number of deaths in Baltimore last week was 162.

The report that C. J. Pierce, nephew of Senator Faulkner, of West Virginia, had been shot in Texas is denied.

One hundred head of stock were killed by lightning striking the large stables of Matthew Howard on his stock farm near Paris, Kentucky.

Long & Bro., furniture manufacturers, of Louisville, Ky., have made an assignment. Liabilities \$50,000, of which \$40,000 is secured by mortgages.

Attempts to hold land league meetings in Ireland yesterday led to serious conflicts between the police and tenantry, in which many persons were injured.

Gen. John H. King died at his home in Washington Saturday night. His illness was of short duration and was attributed to a severe inflammatory lung disease. He was retired as a colonel.

A rumor is in circulation in the City of Mexico to the effect that the government is seriously considering a proposition for the completion of the railway across the Isthmus of Tehuantepec by an English syndicate.

General Quincy A. Gillmore, a famous military engineer, died at his residence in Brooklyn, N. Y., Saturday, of kidney disease, from which he had suffered for several years.

It is said Mr. Blaine proposes sailing for home on June 13, three days before the meeting of the Chicago convention. It is hinted that this is for the purpose of shutting off all communication with him during the sessions of the convention.

Francis M. Pittman, the murderer of his daughter Rachel, in New York, who was under sentence of life imprisonment for the crime, and who had been suffering from the effects of a dose of opium taken Saturday morning, died yesterday. It is unknown how he got the poison.

The proceedings of the democratic caucus of the House of Representatives on Saturday was restricted to the consideration of the proposition to admit four new States. There was some disposition to go into the tariff and other matters, but it was deemed best to postpone them for the present.

A republican policy it is said is directed toward a prolongation of the session of Congress. Their idea is that they can carry on the campaign in Congress better than on the stump. It looks now as if Congress would be in session for at least two months after the presidential nominations are made.

A syndicate including several Georgia capitalists has secured the exclusive right for the Southern States for reducing vegetable fibers to paper stock, with the intention of establishing mills in all the cotton States and applying the process to the reduction to paper of cotton stalks and seed hulls, now practically worthless.

J. A. Timmerman was hanged Saturday at Goldendale, Washington Territory, for the murder of Wm. Sterling. He was bold and defiant. He rode from the jail to the gallows through the principal street, strapped at the legs and arms. He bade farewell to friends, saying he would be damned if he had ever been hobbled before, and to the priest who offered religious consolation he remarked that he was no hypocrite, and proposed to die as he had lived.

A man about thirty-five years of age walked out on the James street bridge across the Kansas river, Saturday afternoon, and casting away a soiled linen bag, leaped into the river beneath. He was rescued by a boatman. The bag, when examined, was found to contain \$7,425 in bills, about half of which was in Austrian and German currency. The only reason he gave for the act was despondency on account of being a sufferer from an incurable disease.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

The Lynchburg News has been sold by Mr. A. Waddill to Mr. Carter Glass.

Capt. Kirk Oley has resigned his commission as captain of the Lynchburg Home Guards.

The oyster dredgers in the Chesapeake bay and its tributaries report an unprofitable season.

A gentleman living near Rappahannock station is the father of six consecutive pairs of twins, all living.

Col. Berkley Ward, whose illness was mentioned last week, died at his home near Chatham, Pittsylvania county, on Saturday. Active steps have been taken by the officers of the Monitor fleet at City Point, on James river, to have the fleet removed to Richmond. The matter rests with the Secretary of the Navy.

The efforts to have the Richmond and Danville railway shopped concentrated in Danville are useless for the present, as the company has no idea of an immediate removal of the same from Richmond.

Gen. Bradley T. Johnson, of Baltimore, has accepted the invitation of Pickett-Buchanan Camp to deliver the oration at Norfolk on Memorial May, the 17th of May. His subject will be "The Battle of Sharpeburg."

Captain Anthony L. Bargamin, bookkeeper for E. B. Taylor, a leading crockery dealer in Richmond, has fled to Canada, leaving a delinquency estimated at fourteen thousand dollars. He was quartermaster of the First Virginia Regiment, and a leading member of the Commercial Club.

Col. J. C. Timberlake, a prominent citizen of York county, was stricken with paralysis Friday, and at last accounts was in a critical condition. Col. Timberlake was lieutenant-colonel of the Fifty-third Virginia regiment, Armistead's brigade, and led his command at Gettysburg in the charge up Cemetery Hill, and was taken prisoner in the enemy's works.

A survey has been completed for an extension of the Cumberland Valley Railroad, of the Pennsylvania system, from Martinsburg, W. Va., to Winchester, and the grading and track-laying will begin at once. It is designed to have the road in running order by October next. The road will be twenty-four miles long, and will be a single track. It will parallel the Winchester and Martinsburg pike.

THE SUIT OF A PRINCESS.—Prince Alexander of Battenberg goes to Charlottenberg next Thursday, and his betrothal to Princess Victoria takes place early in June. Prince Bismarck has withdrawn his resignation solely from the consideration that Germany under the domination of Empress Victoria would lead to a speedy breakup of German unity.

The visit of the Queen of England to Charlottenberg will take place as arranged, but the betrothal will not publicly be brought forward on the occasion. This is an official statement, and simply means that Prince Bismarck's advice has been overruled.

The conflict between the Emperor and Prince Bismarck over the proposed marriage has ceased for the present. Negotiations on the subject are passing between Emperor Frederick and the Czar.

The Fossische Zeitung's St. Petersburg correspondent says that the proposed marriage is regarded there as favorable to Russia, because it is believed that it would preclude the Prince's return to the Bulgarian throne, it being impossible that a son-in-law of the Kaiser should become a Turkish vassal.



TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES.

Proceedings of Congress.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 9.

SENATE.

Several executive communications were presented and referred.

A number of petitions and memorials were also presented and referred.

Mr. Payne, from the Committee on Foreign Relations, reported the joint resolution accepting the invitation of the Belgian government to participate in the international exhibition at Brussels, and appropriating \$30,000 for that purpose. Passed.

The military academy appropriation bill was reported back from the Appropriation Committee and placed on the calendar.

Mr. George, from the Judiciary Committee, reported back (adversely) the bill to extend the time for claims for French spoliations.

Numerous bills were introduced and referred.

HOUSE.

A demand for the regular order from Mr. Reed, of Maine, opened the sixth day's contest over the direct tax bill, when the House met this morning at 11.45 in continuation of the session of Wednesday last.

The Speaker stated the regular order to be the vote upon the motion submitted by Mr. E. B. Taylor, of Ohio, that the House go into committee of the whole upon the direct tax bill.

Thereupon Mr. Breckinridge, of Arkansas, and Mr. Weaver, of Iowa, made dilatory motions; and the first roll call of the calendar day was proceeded with.

Up 2:30 o'clock there had been no attempt at a compromise looking to the termination of the dead lock.

Freshets.

ALBERT LEA, Minn., April 9.—The rain storms of the last three days, together with the great thaw have caused the greatest floods in Fountain and Albert Lea lakes and the Shell Rock river known since the country was settled. The water of Fountain lake is up to the floor of the bridge at its outlet near the mills and was prevented from overflowing the lithmus between the two lakes by the hauling on of large quantities of earth. The Southern Minnesota railway track across the head of the latter lake can barely be seen above the water.

The mill bridge is likely to go out any moment as gorges are reported in the streams above. A dozen bridges in this country have been swept away. Three barns were struck by lightning. William Yost, of Mansfield, lost thirty-two head of cattle, a span of horses and other property, Gullick Bagler, of Rice land, nine cows, and Andrew Durdahl seven horses, thirty-two head of cattle and other property.

ST. PETER, Minn., April 9.—The Minnesota river broke over its banks yesterday and is flooding the bottom lands east of the city. Everything for miles has been submerged. No serious damage has been done thus far except to the long bridge leading to the Omaha depot. The river is nearly over the tracks and is within a couple of feet of the high water mark reached in 1881. The ice has moved out and is reported gorged a few miles down the river.

AUSTIN, Minn., April 9.—All the streams in this portion of the country are swollen. Almost every wagon bridge in this country has been swept away. The only serious damage is that to Officer's Mill. The ice formed a gorge at the mouth of Rose creek and when it broke up it struck the large wagon bridge across the Cedar, just north of the mill, with such force that it was thrown into the river. This mass of material and ice rushed forward toward the mill with tremendous force and striking it carried away the flume, a number of the abutments and a portion of the lower story.

Roscoe Conkling's Illness.

NEW YORK, April 9.—Roscoe Conkling, who has had trouble with an abscess of the ear and inflammation of the membrane of the brain for five days, was delirious part of the time yesterday. Dr. Fordyce Barker made three calls before nightfall, and succeeded, with the aid of Dr. D. Hayes Agnew, in getting the ex-Senator somewhat quiet. Another physician and a nurse are in constant attendance upon Mr. Conkling. No one was permitted to see him except Mrs. Conkling, who hurried from Utica as soon as her husband's condition was considered dangerous. She was with him yesterday afternoon. Mr. Conkling recognized her, and they talked until evening; when she retired. Her presence was somewhat exciting, and when Dr. Barker arrived he found that the sick man's pulse was abnormally high, and that his temperature had risen. This caused a slight delirium.

NEW YORK, April 9.—Roscoe Conkling's condition changed much for the worse last night. After long intervals of stupor he exhibited signs of delirium. Dr. Fordyce Barker said to-day that he feared Mr. Conkling's ocular trouble had caused an affection of the brain which may prove fatal. "All I can say just now," said Dr. Barker, "is that Mr. Conkling has had a bad change within the last 24 hours, and is very poorly indeed."

Affairs in France.

PARIS, April 9.—The Bonapartists assert that the result in the Dordogne proves that the country demands the dissolution of the Chamber of Deputies and the revision of the constitution. Gen. Boulanger refused to contest the seat for the department of the Dordogne, but his friends forwarded his candidacy.

La Lanterne says that Gen. Boulanger will refuse to accept the seat, as he desires to sit for the department du Nord only.

In the election yesterday to fill the vacancy in the Chamber of Deputies from the department of the Dordogne, Gen. Boulanger was chosen. He received 59,500 votes against 35,750 for M. Clerjounie, the opportunist candidate. The result was unexpected and has increased the uneasiness of the conservatives who declare that the Bon-

langist movement is a public danger and urgent measures are demanded to check it.

Bismarck.

BERLIN, April 9.—Prince Bismarck is seriously ill. When he announced a few days ago after his difference with the Emperor that his health would force him to resign it was looked upon as a pretext. Undoubtedly it was only half true at the time, but since then the Chancellor's illness has grown into an accomplished fact. The excitement over the Bismarck episode and Bismarck's health grows more violent hourly.

BERLIN, April 9.—It is stated to-day that Prince Bismarck has abandoned his opposition to the marriage of Prince Alexander of Battenberg and the Princess Victoria, having gained certain other concessions, and that all the differences between the Emperor and Prince Bismarck are now settled.

Explosion of Natural Gas.

MUNCIE, Ind., April 9.—At half past 11 o'clock yesterday morning there was an explosion of natural gas at the pulp works, south of this city. The gas had escaped between two walls and was accidentally ignited. The force of the explosion tore down the two walls and fatally injured one of the workmen. The man had one side of his head crushed and was badly bruised. His name was Grim and he recently came from Pittsburgh to Muncie. The damage to the pulp works was \$1,000.

Death of Thomas G. Clemson.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 9.—Hon. Thomas G. Clemson, son-in-law of John C. Calhoun, who died at Fort Hill, the former residence of Calhoun on Friday night last, was buried at Pendleton yesterday. His will provides handsomely for his grand daughter and leaves Fort Hill and a handsome endowment to the State for the establishment of an institute for agricultural education.

Taken Back to Raleigh.

RALEIGH, N. C., April 9.—Cross and White, the ascending president and cashier of the State National Bank, were brought back to Raleigh this morning from Canada. Bail is fixed at fifteen thousand dollars each and while it seems that White can give bail some difficulty is found in getting bail for Cross. White says he will not be bailed unless Cross can also find bondsmen.

The Trouble With Morocco.

TANGIER, April 9.—An agreement was signed to-day by the Moorish Minister of Foreign Affairs and Mr. Lawie, the American Consul, referring the dispute between the United States and Morocco to arbitration. The United States steamer Lancaster, which was expected here, sailed from Gibraltar to-day for Villa France.

The M. P. Conference.

The Maryland Annual Conference of the Methodist Protestant Church held a short and uneventful session in Baltimore on Saturday. The chief feature of interest was the election of eighteen delegates, nine clerical and nine lay, to the General Conference which meets at Adrian, Mich., on the 18th of May next.

The result was as follows: Ministerial—Revs. L. W. Bates, F. T. Targ, W. S. Hammond, W. M. Strayer, J. D. Kinzer, E. J. Drinkhouse and Rev. T. H. Lewis.

Lay—Messrs. W. J. C. Dulany, C. W. Button, J. R. Caton and G. T. Herring. Two ministerial and five lay delegates remain to be chosen to-day.

When the report of the committee on boundaries was presented Rev. J. D. Kinzer moved to change the relations of Alexandria from a mission to a station. Mr. J. R. Caton, the lay delegate from this city, advocated the change. He said that he had favored such a step for several years. When a church was dependent upon the bounty of the conference it was not a live church; but when it was dependent upon its own exertions it was stimulated to greater efforts. The church in Alexandria could take care of a preacher, and meant to do it. Dr. Kinzer's motion was adopted.

Dr. Drinkhouse moved that the colored M. P. churches in South Carolina be referred to the committee on missions to devise some plan for setting them off as a mission conference, under the fostering care of the Maryland Annual Conference. The motion was carried.

"Cesse to lament for that thou canst not help. And study helps for that which thou lamentest." (It is thy cold take Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.)

THE ENTERPRISE MEAT CHOPPER is the best; does not grind the meat, like other cutters, but CHOPS IT. It is useful for many purposes ALL THE YEAR ROUND in preparing chicken salad, beef tea, mince meat, hash, &c. For sale by JAS. F. CARLIN & SONS, Alexandria, Va.

LADIES' GARDEN SETS, Garden Trowels and a splendid assortment of Rakes, Hoes, Spades, Shovels and Forks at reduced prices. JAS. F. CARLIN & SONS, Alexandria, Va.

KENTUCKY WHISKEY, three years old, \$2.50 per gallon; the best value we have ever seen. JAS. F. CARLIN & SONS, Alexandria, Va.

EGG NOODLES, VERMICELLI, LENTILS, SPLIT PEAS AND BARLEY. JAS. F. CARLIN & SONS, Alexandria, Va.

SQUARE, OCTAGON AND FLAT CAST STEEL will be sold at 89 King street, corner of Royal, at a greatly reduced price. Quality warranted. J. T. CREIGHTON & SON.

CHOPPING AXES AND AXE HANDLES, on hand and for sale at a small advance at 328 King, corner of Royal, J. T. CREIGHTON & SON.

DR. BUCKLAND'S SCOTCH OATS ESSENCE, nature's nerve tonic and brain food, in bottles, at \$1 each, just received by E. S. LEADBEATER & BRO.

REMEDY FOR STOOPEO SHOULDER, SLENDRED BRACES, for ladies, misses, men and boys, just received from the manufacturers by AMOS B. SLAYMAKER.

BRICKLAYERS, take notice that we have now in store the celebrated ROSE BRICK TROWELS. JAS. F. CARLIN & SONS, Alexandria, Va.

NEW BUCKWHEAT FLOUR received to-day and for sale low by J. C. MILBURN.

MISSOURI HAMS—If you have not bought one don't fail to get MCBURNEY'S STORE and get one. They are simply grand. J. C. MILBURN.

50 CASES HONEY DROP and ABSO SUGAR CORN just received by J. C. MILBURN.

FRESH ALMONDS, English Walnuts, Pecans, Cream Nuts and Filberts for sale at J. C. MILBURN'S.

GOOD COOKING RAISINS, Turkish Prunes, and Prime Currants, only 7c per pound each, J. C. MILBURN'S.

FRESH GRAHAM FLOUR received to-day by J. C. MILBURN.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, April 9.—The opening sales in the stock market this morning were generally made at advances over the closing prices of Saturday from 1/2 to 3/4 per cent. The market was weak, however, in the early dealings and fractional declines were established over the entire list. Business rallied though after the first half hour and prices were brought up nearly to the opening figures in most of the list, while Richmond and West Point, which had participated only slightly in the early decline, showed marked strength and advanced over 1 per cent. from their first price. The preferred rose 2 per cent. on sales of only 200 shares. Toward the end of the hour the market which had been active, became quiet and dull, and at 11 o'clock was steady to firm, generally at small fractions below the opening prices of yesterday at 2:30.

WHOLESALE PRICES OF PRODUCE.

WHOLESALE PRICES OF PRODUCE.		
Flour, fine.....	\$2.50	42 1/2
Superfine.....	2 1/2	40 1/2
Extra.....	2 1/4	38 1/2
Family.....	2 1/4	36 1/2
Fancy brands.....	2 1/4	34 1/2
Wheat, Longberry.....	0.85	4 1/2
Fultz.....	0.84	4 1/2
Mixed.....	0.83	4 1/2
Fair Wheat.....	0.78	4 1/2
Damp and tough.....	0.76	4 1/2
Corn, Yellow.....	0.59	4 1/2
Corn Meal.....	0.58	4 1/2
Oats.....	0.45	4 1/2
Butter, Virginia prime.....	0.92	4 1/2
Common to middling.....	0.15	4 1/2
Eggs.....	0.16	4 1/2
Live Chickens.....	0.12	4 1/2
Dressed Chickens.....	0.12	4 1/2
Live Turkeys.....	0.12	4 1/2
Dressed Turkeys, drawn.....	0.15	4 1/2
Dressed Pork.....	0.60	4 1/2
Hind quarters Beef.....	0.5	4 1/2
Fore quarters Beef.....	0.3	4 1/2
Veal Calves.....	0.45	4 1/2
Irish Potatoes per bushel.....	0.75	4 1/2
Onions.....	1.25	4 1/2
Apples per barrel.....	2.50	4 1/2
Dried Peaches, peeled.....	0.15	4 1/2
" unpeeled.....	0.7	4 1/2
Cherries.....	0.10	4 1/2
Dried Apples.....	0.7	4 1/2
Honeydew country.....	0.12	4 1/2
Best sugar cured Hamon.....	0.12	4 1/2
Butchers' Hamon.....	0.12	4 1/2
Breakfast Bacon.....	0.9	4 1/2
Sugar-cured Shoulders.....	0.6	4 1/2
Bulk shoulders.....	0.8	4 1/2
" lg. cl. sides.....	0.8	4 1/2
" back.....	0.7	4 1/2
" bellies.....	0.7	4 1/2
Bacon Shoulders.....	0.7	4 1/2
" Sides.....	0.9	4 1/2
Lard.....	0.7	4 1/2
Smoked Beef.....	0.12	4 1/2
Sugars—Brown.....	0.55	4 1/2
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